

Package: **opticskxi** (via r-universe)

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Title OPTICS K-Xi Density-Based Clustering

Version 1.1.0

Description Provides a novel density-based cluster extraction method, OPTICS k-Xi, and a framework to compare k-Xi models using distance-based metrics to investigate datasets with unknown number of clusters.

Imports ggplot2, magrittr, rlang

Depends R (>= 2.15)

Suggests amap, dbscan, cowplot, fastICA, fpc, ggrepel, grid, grDevices, gtable, knitr, parallel, plyr, reshape2, stats, testthat, text2vec, utils

VignetteBuilder knitr

License GPL-3

Encoding UTF-8

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URL <https://gitlab.com/thomaschln/opticskxi>

BugReports <https://gitlab.com/thomaschln/opticskxi/-/issues>

Repository <https://thomaschln.r-universe.dev>

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| | |
|-------------------|--------------------------|
| contingency_table | <i>Contingency table</i> |
|-------------------|--------------------------|

Description

Include NAs and add totals to table.

Usage

```
contingency_table(...)
```

Arguments

... Passed to table

Value

Table object

| | |
|-------|-----------------------------|
| crohn | <i>Crohn's disease data</i> |
|-------|-----------------------------|

Description

The data set consist of 103 common (>5% minor allele frequency) SNPs genotyped in 129 trios from an European-derived population. These SNPs are in a 500-kb region on human chromosome 5q31 implicated as containing a genetic risk factor for Crohn disease.

Imported from the gap R package.

An example use of the data is with the following paper, Kelly M. Burkett, Celia M. T. Greenwood, BradMcNeney, Jinko Graham. Gene genealogies for genetic association mapping, with application to Crohn's disease. Fron Genet 2013, 4(260) doi: 10.3389/fgene.2013.00260

Usage

```
data(crohn)
```

Format

A data frame containing 387 rows and 212 columns

Source

MJ Daly, JD Rioux, SF Schaffner, TJ Hudson, ES Lander (2001) High-resolution haplotype structure in the human genome Nature Genetics 29:229-232

| | |
|----------------|---|
| fortify_dimred | <i>Fortify a dimension reduction object</i> |
|----------------|---|

Description

Fortify a dimension reduction object

Usage

```
fortify_dimred(  
  m_dimred,  
  m_vars = NULL,  
  v_variance = NULL,  
  sup_vars = NULL,  
  var_digits = 1  
)
```

Arguments

| | |
|------------|-----------------------------------|
| m_dimred | Projection matrix |
| m_vars | Rotation matrix (optional) |
| v_variance | Explained variance (optional) |
| sup_vars | Optional supplementary variables |
| var_digits | Explained variance percent digits |

Value

Data frame

See Also

[fortify_pca](#), [fortify_ica](#)

Examples

```
pca <- prcomp(iris[-5])
df_pca <- fortify_dimred(pca$x)
```

fortify_ica

Get and fortify ICA

Description

Get and fortify ICA

Usage

```
fortify_ica(m_data, ..., sup_vars = NULL)
```

Arguments

| | |
|----------|----------------------------------|
| m_data | Input matrix |
| ... | Passed to fastICA::fastICA |
| sup_vars | Optional supplementary variables |

Value

Fortified dimension reduction

See Also

[fortify_dimred](#), [fortify_pca](#)

Examples

```
df_ica <- fortify_ica(iris[-5], n.comp = 2)
```

| | |
|-------------|----------------------------|
| fortify_pca | <i>Get and fortify PCA</i> |
|-------------|----------------------------|

Description

Get and fortify PCA

Usage

```
fortify_pca(m_data, ..., sup_vars = NULL)
```

Arguments

| | |
|----------|----------------------------------|
| m_data | Input matrix |
| ... | Passed to stats::prcomp |
| sup_vars | Optional supplementary variables |

Value

Fortified dimension reduction

See Also

[fortify_dimred](#), [fortify_ica](#)

Examples

```
df_pca <- fortify_pca(iris[-5])  
df_pca <- fortify_pca(iris[-5], sup_vars = iris[5])
```

| | |
|--------------|----------------------------|
| get_best_kxi | <i>Get best k-Xi model</i> |
|--------------|----------------------------|

Description

Select k-Xi clustering model based on a metric and a rank

Usage

```
get_best_kxi(df_kxi, metric = "avg.silwidth", rank = 1)
```

Arguments

| | |
|--------|--|
| df_kxi | Data frame returned by opticsxi_pipeline |
| metric | Metric to choose best model |
| rank | Rank(s) of model to choose, ordered by decreasing metric |

Value

df_kxi row with specified metric and rank, simplified to a list if only one rank selected

See Also

[opticksxi_pipeline](#)

ggpairs

Plot multiple axes of a data frame or a fortified dimension reduction.

Description

Plot multiple axes of a data frame or a fortified dimension reduction.

Usage

```
ggpairs(
  df_data,
  group = NULL,
  axes = 1:2,
  variables = FALSE,
  n_vars = 0,
  ellipses = FALSE,
  ...,
  title = NULL,
  colors = if (!is.null(group)) nice_palette(df_data[[group]])
)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-----------|---|
| df_data | Data frame |
| group | Column name of the grouping of observations |
| axes | Axes to plot. If more than 2, plots all pair combinations |
| variables | Logical, plot variable contributions of the dimension reduction to the selected axes, only for 2 axes |
| n_vars | Maximum number of variable contributions to plot. By default 0, for all variables. |
| ellipses | Logical, plot ellipses of groups |
| ... | Passed to ggplot2 stat_ellipse if ellipses are requested |
| title | String to add as title, default NULL |
| colors | Vector of colors for each group |

Value

ggmatrix

See Also

[fortify_pca](#), [fortify_ica](#)

Examples

```
df_pca <- fortify_pca(iris[-5])
ggpairs(df_pca)
df_pca <- fortify_pca(iris[-5], sup_vars = iris[5])
ggpairs(df_pca, group = 'Species', ellipses = TRUE, variables = TRUE)
```

ggplot_kxi_metrics *Ggplot OPTICS k-Xi metrics*

Description

Plot metrics of a kxi_pipeline output

Usage

```
ggplot_kxi_metrics(df_kxi, metric = c("avg.silwidth", "bw.ratio"), n = 8)
```

Arguments

| | |
|--------|---|
| df_kxi | Data frame returned by optickxi_pipeline |
| metric | Vector of metrics to display from the df_kxi object |
| n | Number of best models for the first metric to display |

Value

ggplot

See Also

[optickxi_pipeline](#)

`ggplot_optics`*Ggplot optics*

Description

Plot OPTICS reachability plot.

Usage

```
ggplot_optics(  
  optics_obj,  
  groups = NULL,  
  colors = if (!is.null(groups)) nice_palette(groups),  
  segment_size = 300/nrow(df_optics)  
)
```

Arguments

| | |
|---------------------------|--|
| <code>optics_obj</code> | dbscan::optics object |
| <code>groups</code> | Optional vector defining groups of OPTICS observations |
| <code>colors</code> | If groups specified, vector of colors for each group |
| <code>segment_size</code> | Size for geom_segment |

Value

ggplot

See Also

[opticskxi](#)

Examples

```
data('multishapes')  
optics_obj <- dbscan::optics(multishapes[1:2])  
ggplot_optics(optics_obj)  
ggplot_optics(optics_obj,  
  groups = opticskxi(optics_obj, n_xi = 5, pts = 30))
```

gtable_kxi_profiles *Gtable OPTICS k-Xi distance profiles*

Description

Plot OPTICS distance profiles of k-Xi clustering models

Usage

```
gtable_kxi_profiles(df_kxi, metric = "avg.silwidth", rank = 1:4, ...)
```

Arguments

| | |
|--------|---|
| df_kxi | Data frame returned by <code>opticskxi_pipeline</code> |
| metric | Metric to choose best clustering model |
| rank | Ranks of models to plot, ordered by decreasing model metric |
| ... | Passed to <code>ggplot_kxi_profile</code> |

See Also

[opticskxi_pipeline](#)

hla *The HLA data*

Description

This data set contains HLA markers DRB, DQA, DQB and phenotypes of 271 Schizophrenia patients (y=1) and controls (y=0). Genotypes for 3 HLA loci have prefixes name (e.g., "DQB") and a suffix for each of two alleles (".a1" and ".a2").

Imported from the `gap` package.

Usage

```
data(hla)
```

Format

A data frame containing 271 rows and 8 columns

Source

Dr Padraig Wright of Pfizer

| | |
|-------------|---|
| multishapes | <i>A dataset containing clusters of multiple shapes</i> |
|-------------|---|

Description

Data containing clusters of any shapes. Useful for comparing density-based clustering (DBSCAN) and standard partitioning methods such as k-means clustering. Imported from the factoextra package.

Usage

```
data("multishapes")
```

Format

A data frame with 1100 observations on the following 3 variables.

x a numeric vector containing the x coordinates of observations

y a numeric vector containing the y coordinates of observations

shape a numeric vector corresponding to the cluster number of each observations.

Details

The dataset contains 5 clusters and some outliers/noises.

Examples

```
data('multishapes')
plot(multishapes[, 1], multishapes[, 2],
     col = multishapes[, 3], pch = 19, cex = 0.8)
```

| | |
|--------------|--|
| m_psychwords | <i>A dataset containing words by embeddings matrix</i> |
|--------------|--|

Description

Data containing Glove embeddings of psychological related words, useful for demonstrating the use of the modified opticskxi pipeline psychkxi.

Usage

```
data("m_psychwords")
```

Format

A matrix with 800 words in rows and 100 embedding dimensions in columns.

Details

The dataset contains 2 main hierarchical clusters (each has subclusters).

Examples

```
data('m_psychwords')
df_params = expand.grid(n_xi = 9:10, pts = c(15, 20), dist = 'cosine',
  dim_red = 'ICA', n_dimred_comp = c(10, 15))
df_kxi = opticskxi::psych_kxi_ensemble_models(m_psychwords, df_params)
```

| | |
|--------------|---------------------|
| nice_palette | <i>Nice palette</i> |
|--------------|---------------------|

Description

Color palette

Usage

```
nice_palette(groups, rainbow = FALSE)
```

Arguments

| | |
|---------|--|
| groups | Vector, each unique value will get a color |
| rainbow | If TRUE, rainbow-like colors, else differentiate successive values |

Value

Vector of colors

| | |
|-----------|---|
| opticskxi | <i>OPTICS k-Xi clustering algorithm</i> |
|-----------|---|

Description

For each largest distance differences on the OPTICS profile, consecutive observations left and right on the OPTICS profile (i.e. lower and higher OPTICS id) will be assigned to 2 different clusters if their distance is below the distance of the edge point. If above, observations are NA. The pts parameter defines a minimum number of observations to form a valley (i.e. cluster). If the number of observations in one valley is smaller than pts, observations are set to NA.

Usage

```

opticskxi(
  optics_obj,
  n_xi,
  pts = optics_obj$minPts,
  max_loop = 50,
  verbose = FALSE
)

```

Arguments

| | |
|------------|---|
| optics_obj | Data frame returned by optics |
| n_xi | Number of clusters to define |
| pts | Minimum number of points per clusters |
| max_loop | Maximum iterations to find n_xi clusters |
| verbose | Print the ids of the largest difference considered and cluster information if they define one |

Value

Vector of clusters

See Also

[opticskxi_pipeline](#), [ggplot_optics](#)

Examples

```

data('multishapes')
optics_shapes <- dbscan::optics(multishapes[1:2])
kxi_shapes <- opticskxi(optics_shapes, n_xi = 5, pts = 30)
ggplot_optics(optics_shapes, groups = kxi_shapes)
ggpairs(cbind(multishapes[1:2], kXi = kxi_shapes), group = 'kXi')

```

opticskxi_pipeline *OPTICS k-Xi models comparison pipeline*

Description

Computes OPTICS k-Xi models based on a parameter grid, binds results in a data frame, and computes distance based metrics for each model.

Usage

```
opticskxi_pipeline(
  m_data,
  df_params = expand.grid(n_xi = 1:10, pts = c(20, 30, 40), dist = c("euclidean",
    "abscorrelation"), dim_red = c("identity", "PCA", "ICA"), n_dimred_comp = c(5, 10,
    20)),
  n_cores = 1
)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-----------|---|
| m_data | Data matrix |
| df_params | Parameter grid for the OPTICS k-Xi function call and optional dimension reduction. Required columns: n_xi, pts, dist. Optional columns: dim_red, n_dim_red. |
| n_cores | Number of cores |

Value

Input parameter data frame with with results binded in columns optics, clusters and metrics.

See Also

[get_best_kxi](#), [ggplot_kxi_metrics](#), [gtable_kxi_profiles](#)

Examples

```
data('hla')
m_hla <- hla[-c(1:2)] %>% scale
df_params_hla <- expand.grid(n_xi = 3:5, pts = c(20, 30),
  dist = c('manhattan', 'euclidean'))
df_kxi_hla <- opticskxi_pipeline(m_hla, df_params_hla)
ggplot_kxi_metrics(df_kxi_hla, n = 8)
gtable_kxi_profiles(df_kxi_hla) %>% plot

best_kxi_hla <- get_best_kxi(df_kxi_hla, rank = 2)
clusters_hla <- best_kxi_hla$clusters
fortify_pca(m_hla, sup_vars = data.frame(Clusters = clusters_hla)) %>%
  ggpairs('Clusters', ellipses = TRUE, variables = TRUE)
```

print_table

Print table

Description

Print knitr::kable latex table with legend at bottom.

Usage

```
print_table(table_obj, label)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-----------|--------------|
| table_obj | Table object |
| label | Latex label |

Value

None

| | |
|-----------------|------------------------|
| residuals_table | <i>Residuals table</i> |
|-----------------|------------------------|

Description

Bind contingency table and Pearson Chi-squared residuals.

Usage

```
residuals_table(...)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-----|--|
| ... | Passed to contingency_table and chisq.test |
|-----|--|

Value

Matrix

| | |
|------|--------------------------------------|
| %<>% | <i>Magrittr pipe-assign operator</i> |
|------|--------------------------------------|

Description

Magrittr pipe-assign operator

| | |
|------|------------------------------------|
| %\$% | <i>Magrittr pipe-with operator</i> |
|------|------------------------------------|

Description

Magrittr pipe-with operator

%>%

Magrittr pipe operator

Description

Magrittr pipe operator

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