

# Package: kgraph (via r-universe)

October 24, 2024

**Title** Knowledge Graphs Constructions and Visualizations

**Version** 1.0.0

**Description** Knowledge graphs enable to efficiently visualize and gain insights into large-scale data analysis results, as p-values from multiple studies or embedding data matrices. The usual workflow is a user providing a data frame of association studies results and specifying target nodes, e.g. phenotypes, to visualize. The knowledge graph then shows all the features which are significantly associated with the phenotype, with the edges being proportional to the association scores. As the user adds several target nodes and grouping information about the nodes such as biological pathways, the construction of such graphs soon becomes complex. The 'kgraph' package aims to enable users to easily build such knowledge graphs, and provides two main features: first, to enable building a knowledge graph based on a data frame of concepts relationships, be it p-values or cosine similarities; second, to enable determining an appropriate cut-off on cosine similarities from a complete embedding matrix, to enable the building of a knowledge graph directly from an embedding matrix. The 'kgraph' package provides several display, layout and cut-off options, and has already proven useful to researchers to enable them to visualize large sets of p-value associations with various phenotypes, and to quickly be able to visualize embedding results. Two example datasets are provided to demonstrate these behaviors, and several live 'shiny' applications are hosted by the CELEHS laboratory and Parse Health, as the KESER Mental Health application <<https://keser-mental-health.parse-health.org/>> based on Hong C. (2021) <doi:10.1038/s41746-021-00519-z>.

**Imports** amap, bslib, data.table, dplyr, DT, grid, htmltools, igraph, magrittr, Matrix, pROC, plyr, RColorBrewer, reshape2, rsvd, sgraph, shiny, text2vec

**Depends** R (>= 3.5.0)

**Suggests** knitr, rmarkdown, testthat

**VignetteBuilder** knitr

**License** GPL-3

**Encoding** UTF-8

**RoxygenNote** 7.3.1

**URL** <https://gitlab.com/thomaschln/kgraph>

**BugReports** <https://gitlab.com/thomaschln/kgraph/-/issues>

**Repository** <https://thomaschln.r-universe.dev>

**RemoteUrl** <https://gitlab.com/thomaschln/kgraph>

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build_kgraph	<i>Build a knowledge graph</i>
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## Description

Build a knowledge graph

## Usage

```
build_kgraph(  
  selected_concepts,  
  df_weights,  
  df_dict = NULL,  
  rm_single_groups = TRUE,  
  df_sup_nodes = NULL,  
  display_val_digits = 3,  
  display_val_str = "\nCosine similarity: ",  
  str_other = "Other",  
  highlight_mult = TRUE,  
  multiline_labs = TRUE,  
  autoscale = TRUE,  
  spring_weights = TRUE,  
  n_max_edges = 1000,  
  ...  
)
```

## Arguments

selected_concepts	Concepts of interest
df_weights	Data frame with columns concept1, concept2, and weight; typically the df_projs slot of the object returned by function fit_embeds_to_pairs
df_dict	Dictionary data frame, with columns id (matched to concepts in df_weights), desc (for labels), color, and optionally group.
rm_single_groups	Should groups with only one element be removed
df_sup_nodes	Data frame of supplementary nodes (work in progress)
display_val_digits	Number of weight digits to be displayed in labels
display_val_str	String to prefix to the displayed value
str_other	String to use for missing groups
highlight_mult	Highlight nodes connected to multiple nodes of interest.
multiline_labs	Use multiline labels (shown when hovered on)

autoscale	Perform scaling with sgraph::scale_graph
spring_weights	Use spring weights (reverts edges weights)
n_max_edges	Threshold on number of edges
...	Passed to scale_kgraph

**Value**

Knowledge graph, list of slots df\_nodes and df\_links

**build\_kgraph\_from\_fit** *Build a knowledge graph from a fit object*

**Description**

Computes similarities for nodes of interest on the fly to avoid having to deal with very large similarity matrices when number of features is large.

**Usage**

```
build_kgraph_from_fit(selected_concepts, m_embeds, fit_kg, ...)
```

**Arguments**

selected_concepts	Concepts of interest
m_embeds	Embeddings matrix
fit_kg	Fit object
...	Passed to build_kgraph

**Value**

Knowledge graph, list of slots df\_nodes and df\_links

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cov_simi	<i>Covariance similarity</i>
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**Description**

Covariance similarity

**Usage**

```
cov_simi(m_data)
```

**Arguments**

m\_data            Data matrix

**Value**

Similarity matrixd

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df_cuis_pairs	<i>A dataset containing CUIs pairs</i>
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**Description**

The dataframe provides clinician-curated pairs of related medical concepts, useful to evaluate the performance of a machine learning model. It's an extract of the PrimeKG database (see vignette for URL).

**Usage**

```
data("df_cuis_pairs")
```

**Format**

A dataframe with 2358 rows and 4 columns.

**Details**

Each row defines a relationship between two CUIs, along with their textual descriptions.

**Examples**

```
data('m_embeds')
data('df_cuis_pairs')

fit_kg = fit_embeds_kg(m_embeds, 'cosine', df_pairs = df_cuis_pairs[c(1, 3)])
pROC::plot.roc(fit_kg$roc, print.auc = TRUE)
```

`df_embeds_dict`      *A dictionary for the m\_embeds object*

### Description

Dataframe with columns id (for the CUI), desc (textual description), group and color (higher level groups)

### Usage

```
data("df_embeds_dict")
```

### Format

A dataframe with 1118 rows and 4 columns.

### Details

Each row corresponds to one rowname of m\_embeds.

### Examples

```
data('m_embeds')
data('df_embeds_dict')

fit_kg = fit_embeds_kg(m_embeds, 'cosine')
target_nodes_idxs = grep('suicide', df_embeds_dict$desc) %>% head(2)
target_nodes = df_embeds_dict$id[target_nodes_idxs]

kg_obj = build_kgraph_from_fit(target_nodes, m_embeds, fit_kg,
                               df_dict = df_embeds_dict)
```

`df_pval`      *A dataset containing GWAS p-values*

### Description

This dataframe provides association scores between SNPs and mental health-related phenotypes.

### Usage

```
data("df_pval")
```

### Format

A dataframe with 364 rows and 3 columns

## Details

Each row defines an association between a SNP and a phenotype. Downloaded from GWAS Catalog at [https://www.ebi.ac.uk/gwas/efotraits/EFO\\_0007623](https://www.ebi.ac.uk/gwas/efotraits/EFO_0007623).

## Examples

```
data('df_pval')  
  
kg_obj = build_kgraph('EFO_0007623', df_pval)
```

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df\_pval\_dict

*A dictionary for the df\_pval object*

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## Description

Dataframe with columns id (for the phenotype or SNP identifier), desc (textual description), group, and color

## Usage

```
data("df_pval_dict")
```

## Format

A dataframe with 333 rows and 4 columns.

## Details

Row IDs correspond to the identifiers found in columns concept1 and concept2 of the df\_pval object.

## Examples

```
data('df_pval')  
data('df_pval_dict')  
  
kg_obj = build_kgraph(c('EFO_0007623', 'EFO_0007624'), df_pval, df_pval_dict)
```

<code>dist_matrix</code>	<i>dist_matrix</i>
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### Description

Dispatch of amap::Dist, text2vec::sim2, and norm\_inprod methods.

### Usage

```
dist_matrix(data, method = "euclidean", n_cores = 1)
```

### Arguments

<code>data</code>	Rectangular numeric matrix [Observations, Features]
<code>method</code>	Methods accepted by amap::Dist or cosine and norm_inprod
<code>n_cores</code>	Number of cores

### Value

Dissimilarity symmetric matrix

<code>fit_embeds_kg</code>	<i>Fit embeddings to a kgraph object</i>
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### Description

Build a `fit_kgraph` object to act as an intermediate between the embeddings and the knowledge graph. If possible (i.e. if number of features is not too large) compute all pair-wise similarities, otherwise determine the similarity threshold using a number of random pairs. If a data frame of known pairs is available, call `fit_embeds_to_pairs` which will produce an AUC and use the `threshold_projs` parameter as the specificity threshold (e.g. the default specificity of 0.9 corresponds to 10 percent false positives). Otherwise take the quantile of similarity values corresponding to `threshold_projs`.

### Usage

```
fit_embeds_kg(
  m_embeds,
  similarity = c("cosine", "inprod", "cov_simi", "norm_inprod"),
  threshold_projs = 0.9,
  df_pairs = NULL,
  df_pairs_cols = 1:2,
  max_concepts = 1000,
  ...
)
```

**Arguments**

m_embeds	Embedding matrix, rownames must be able to be matched to concepts in df_pairs
similarity	Similarity measure to be computed. One of 'inprod' (inner product), 'cosine', 'cov_simi' (covariance similarity), 'norm_inprod' (normalized inner product).
threshold_projs	Specificity threshold to use for projections. (default 0.9 is equivalent to 10 percent false positives, and 0.95 to 5 percent false positives)
df_pairs	Known relationships data frame
df_pairs_cols	Columns of df_pairs for identifiers, that map to m_embeds rownames
max_concepts	Maximum number of concepts to compute all pair-wise similarities
...	Passed to gen_df_notpairs

**Value**

Knowledge graph, list of slots df\_nodes and df\_links

**fit\_embeds\_to\_pairs**    *Fit embeds to pairs*

**Description**

Fit an embeddings matrix to a dataframe of known pairs of related concepts. Depending on matrix dimension, either compute all pair-wise similarities, or only those existing in the known pairs.

**Usage**

```
fit_embeds_to_pairs(
  m_embeds,
  df_pairs,
  df_pairs_cols = 1:2,
  similarity = c("inprod", "cosine", "cov_simi", "norm_inprod"),
  threshold_projs = 0.9,
  max_concepts = 1000
)
```

**Arguments**

m_embeds	Embedding matrix, rownames must be able to be matched to concepts in df_pairs
df_pairs	Known relationships data frame
df_pairs_cols	Columns of df_pairs for identifiers, that map to m_embeds rownames
similarity	Similarity measure to be computed. One of 'inprod' (inner product), 'cosine', 'cov_simi' (covariance similarity), 'norm_inprod' (normalized inner product).
threshold_projs	Specificity threshold to use for projections. (default 0.9 is equivalent to 10 percent false positives, and 0.95 to 5 percent false positives)
max_concepts	Maximum number of concepts to compute all pair-wise similarities

**Value**

List object with slots roc (pROC::roc return), sims and truth (to recompute partial AUCs using pROC), threshold\_5fp (5 percent false positive threshold), n\_concepts (length of concepts in embeddings), and df\_projs (data frame listing pair-wise concepts similarities above threshold\_projs).

<code>gen_df_notpairs</code>	<i>Generate null pairs</i>
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**Description**

Generate null pairs

**Usage**

```
gen_df_notpairs(
  ids,
  df_pairs = NULL,
  n_notpairs = if (is.null(df_pairs)) 1000 else nrow(df_pairs)
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>ids</code>	Identifiers to sample from
<code>df_pairs</code>	Known pairs data frame, to make sure no null pairs are in
<code>n_notpairs</code>	Direct parameter to set number of null pairs returned, bypasses parameter type.

**Value**

Data frame with columns concept1, concept2, weight

<code>get_cutoff_threshold</code>	<i>Get cut-off threshold</i>
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**Description**

Get cut-off threshold

**Usage**

```
get_cutoff_threshold(roc_obj, specificity_lvl = 0.95)
```

**Arguments**

roc\_obj Object returned by pROC::roc  
specificity\_lvl Specificity threshold (default 0.95 is equivalent to 5 percent false positives, and 0.9 to 10 percent false positives)

**Value**

Similarity value threshold

---

get\_sgraph

*Wrapper to build a sgraph object fromk a kgraph object*

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**Description**

Wrapper to build a sgraph object fromk a kgraph object

**Usage**

```
get_sgraph(  
  l_graph,  
  colors_mapping = NULL,  
  labelAttrs = "label",  
  igraph = NULL,  
  ...  
)
```

**Arguments**

l\_graph List of df\_nodes and df\_links dataframes  
colors\_mapping Output of get\_colors\_map  
labelAttrs Column name of df\_nodes that will be displayed  
igraph Intermediary igraph object, if already computed  
... Passed to sgraph::sgraph\_clusters

**Value**

Graph htmlwidget object

**m\_embeds***A dataset containing medical word embeddings***Description**

The embedding matrix has been fitted using Glove word embeddings on 1,700 open-access publications related to mental health.

**Usage**

```
data("m_embeds")
```

**Format**

A matrix with 1122 rows and 100 columns.

**Details**

Each row is the embedding vector of a CUI in 100 Glove dimensions.

**Examples**

```
data('m_embeds')

fit_kg = fit_embeds_kg(m_embeds, 'cosine')
```

**norm\_inprod***norm\_inprod***Description**

Normalized inner product with transposed input matrix

**Usage**

```
norm_inprod(m)
```

**Arguments**

m	Numeric matrix
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**Value**

Numeric matrix

---

project_pairs	<i>Predict known pairs</i>
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---

**Description**

Predict known pairs

**Usage**

```
project_pairs(m_simi, threshold)
```

**Arguments**

m_simi	Similarity matrix
threshold	Similarity value threshold

**Value**

Data frame with columns concept1, concept2, weight

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reshape_multiple_traits	<i>Reshape multiple traits in example data</i>
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---

**Description**

Reshape multiple traits in example data

**Usage**

```
reshape_multiple_traits(df_pval)
```

**Arguments**

df_pval	Data frame of p-values
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**Value**

Reshaped data frame

---

**reshape\_multiple\_traits\_dict**

*Reshape multiple traits in example data dictionary*

---

**Description**

Reshape multiple traits in example data dictionary

**Usage**

```
reshape_multiple_traits_dict(df_dict)
```

**Arguments**

df_dict	Data frame of p-values dictionary
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**Value**

Reshaped data frame

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**sparse\_encode**

*sparse\_encode*

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**Description**

Sparse encoding method by closest neighbors. Three methods are available: - hard encoding: each patient's closest neighbors are set to 1, others are set to 0 - soft encoding: each patient's closest neighbors distances are transformed by the exponential norm, others are set to 0 - epsilon encoding: each patient's neighbors closer than the mean of the distance matrix are transformed by the exponential norm and others are set to 0.

**Usage**

```
sparse_encode(
  m_data,
  dist_method = "norm_inprod",
  encoding = c("epsilon", "hard", "soft"),
  sigma,
  n_neighbors = floor(nrow(m_data)/10),
  scale_obs = TRUE
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>m_data</code>	Numeric matrix
<code>dist_method</code>	Distance method passed to qb_dist
<code>encoding</code>	Encoding method: one of hard, soft, or epsilon
<code>sigma</code>	Parameter for the exponential norm transform. Default is mean of std. dev. of distance matrix columns
<code>n_neighbors</code>	Number of neighbors (ignored in epsilon encoding)
<code>scale_obs</code>	Scale by observations

**Value**

Projected matrix

---

`stddev_mean`

*stddev\_mean*

---

**Description**

Get mean of standard deviations of matrix columns

**Usage**

`stddev_mean(m)`

**Arguments**

<code>m</code>	Numeric matrix
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**Value**

Mean of standard deviations of matrix columns

---

`%<>%`

*Assignment pipe*

---

**Description**

Pipe an object forward into a function or call expression and update the ‘lhs’ object with the resulting value. Magrittr imported function, see details and examples in the magrittr package.

**Arguments**

<code>lhs</code>	An object which serves both as the initial value and as target.
<code>rhs</code>	a function call using the magrittr semantics.

**Value**

None, used to update the value of lhs.

---

%%%

*Exposition pipe*

---

**Description**

Expose the names in ‘lhs’ to the ‘rhs’ expression. Magrittr imported function, see details and examples in the magrittr package.

**Arguments**

lhs	A list, environment, or a data.frame.
rhs	An expression where the names in lhs is available.

**Value**

Result of rhs applied to one or several names of lhs.

---

%>%

*Pipe*

---

**Description**

Pipe an object forward into a function or call expression. Magrittr imported function, see details and examples in the magrittr package.

**Arguments**

lhs	A value or the magrittr placeholder.
rhs	A function call using the magrittr semantics.

**Value**

Result of rhs applied to lhs, see details in magrittr package.

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